

Fiscal Note S.B. 76 2022 General Session Targeted Business Income Tax Credit Amendments by McCay, D.



General, Education, and Uniform School Funds

JR4-4-101

	Ongoing	One-time	Total
Net GF/EF/USF (revexp.)	\$100,000	\$(100,000)	\$0

State Government UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Revenues	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024
Education Fund	\$0	\$100,000	\$100,000
Education Fund, One-time	\$0	\$(100,000)	\$0
Total Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$100,000

Enactment of this legislation could increase revenue to the Education Fund by approximately \$100,000 ongoing beginning in FY2024 due to fewer income tax credits claimed.

Expenditures	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024			
Total Expenditures	\$0	\$0	\$0			
Enactment of this legislation likely will not materially impact state expenditures						

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Net All Funds	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024 \$100,000
Not All I ulius	\$0	<u> </u>	\$100,000

Local Government UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments.

Individuals & Businesses

UCA 36-12-13(2)(c)

Enactment of this legislation could change the tax credits available for certain businesses to claim, resulting in an approximate aggregate impact of \$100,000 less in business income tax credits beginning in FY2024.

Regulatory Impact

UCA 36-12-13(2)(d)

Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses.

Performance Evaluation

JR1-4-601

This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program.

Notes on Notes

Fiscal notes estimate the direct costs or revenues of enacting a bill. The Legislature uses them to balance the budget. They do not measure a bill's benefits or non-fiscal impacts like opportunity costs, wait times, or inconvenience. A fiscal note is not an appropriation. The Legislature decides appropriations separately.